

# Computational Fabrication

CS 491 and 591

Professor: Leah Buechley

[https://handandmachine.cs.unm.edu/classes/Computational\\_Fabrication\\_Spring2021/](https://handandmachine.cs.unm.edu/classes/Computational_Fabrication_Spring2021/)

# **Large Assignment 1: Turtle Geometry & L-Systems**

now due Thursday



# **2D Fabrication Options**

Laser Cutter, Craft Cutter

OR

Any Regular Inkjet Printer +  
Interesting Material

# Materials: Printable Fabric

## Basics

- Fabric with stiffener attached so it can go through a printer
- Peel off stiffener to use as a custom printed fabric
- Make your own by ironing a stabilizer to most thin natural-fiber fabrics

## Limitations

- Small size (size of printer paper)
- Colors don't work well on dark colored fabrics

## Misc.

- Fabric printing services: [spoonflower](#), [contrado](#), etc.

# Materials: Fabric Transfers

## Basics

- Print design on a sheet of film
- Iron or heat press film onto fabric
- Common fabric printing process
- Clear for light fabrics, opaque white for dark fabrics
- Overcomes some of the limitations of printable fabrics

## Limitations

- Have to cut out precisely.
- A craft cutter or laser cutter makes life easier
- Slightly challenging process

# Materials: Decals and Hydrographic Film

## Basics

- Apply design to almost anything!
- Print design on a sheet of film
- Spray with clear acrylic to fix design
- Wet film and apply to object
- Bake to set design

## Limitations

- Somewhat challenging process
- Requires acrylic spray

## Misc.

- Dipping process. A cool [computational exploration](#)

# Materials: Temporary Tattoos

## Basics

- Print design onto paper
- Wet paper and apply design to skin
- Realistic-looking tattoo lasts a few days
- Unique and compelling location for design

## Limitations

- Have to cut out precisely.
- A craft cutter or laser cutter makes life easier

# Materials: Shrinky Dink Plastic

## Basics

- Sheet of plastic shrinks dramatically (to 1/3 of original size) when heated
- Print line drawing on plastic. Hand-color.
- Heat in 350 degree oven for a few minutes. Watch shrinking.
- Result = approx. 1/16" thick hard plastic

## Limitations

- Blocks of color don't work well. Line drawings work best.
- Have to cut out precisely.
- A craft cutter makes life easier

## Misc.

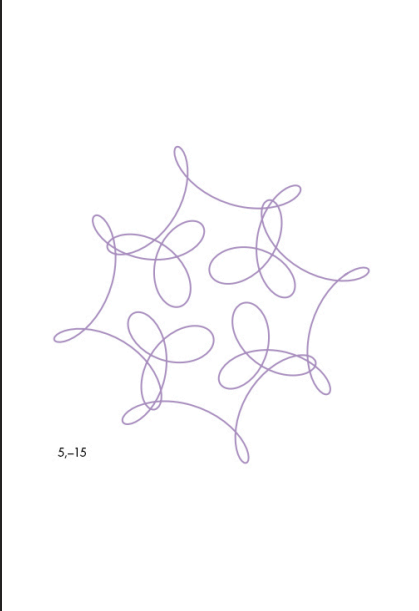
- High tech uses. ie: [microfluidics](#)

# Other Interesting Materials

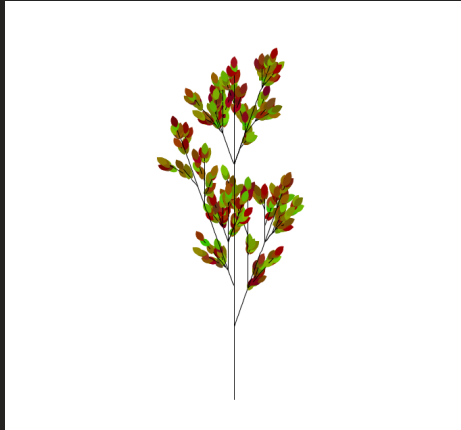
- Tyvek
- Magnet paper
- Ultra thin wood veneer
- Vinyl stickers and regular stickers
- ??



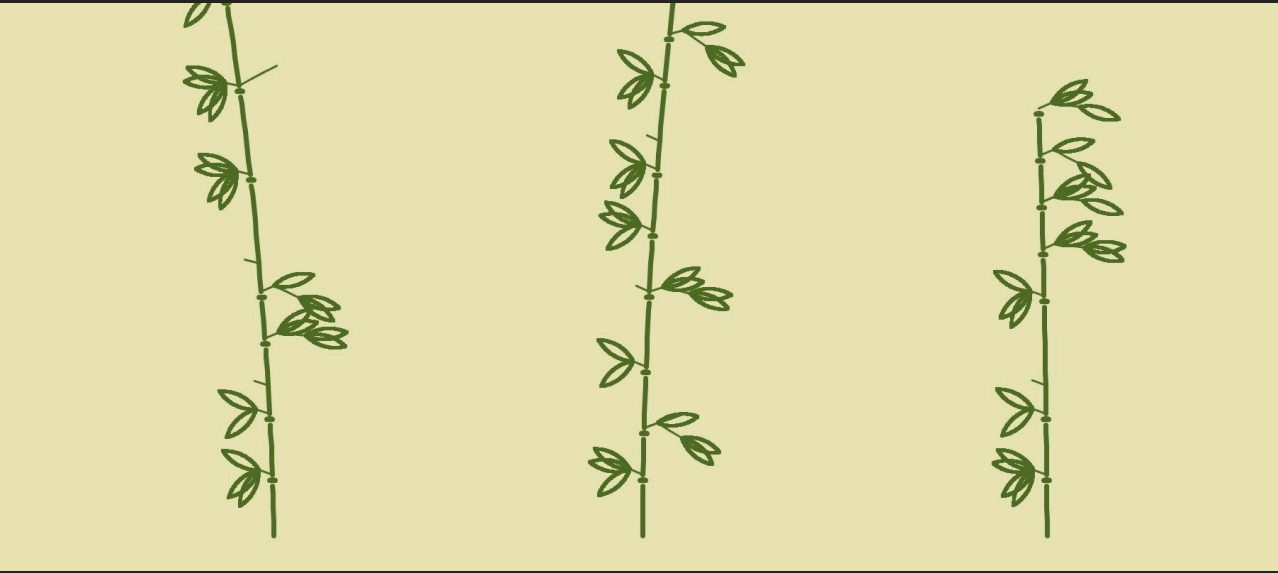
Example projects from previous years











questions

**For next class**

**Install Rhino (look for invitation)**

**Bring 3D printer if you can**

questions?



T H E V I R T U A L L A B O R A T O R Y

# THE ALGORITHMIC BEAUTY OF PLANTS

PRZEMYSŁAW PRUSINKIEWICZ • ARISTID LINDENMAYER

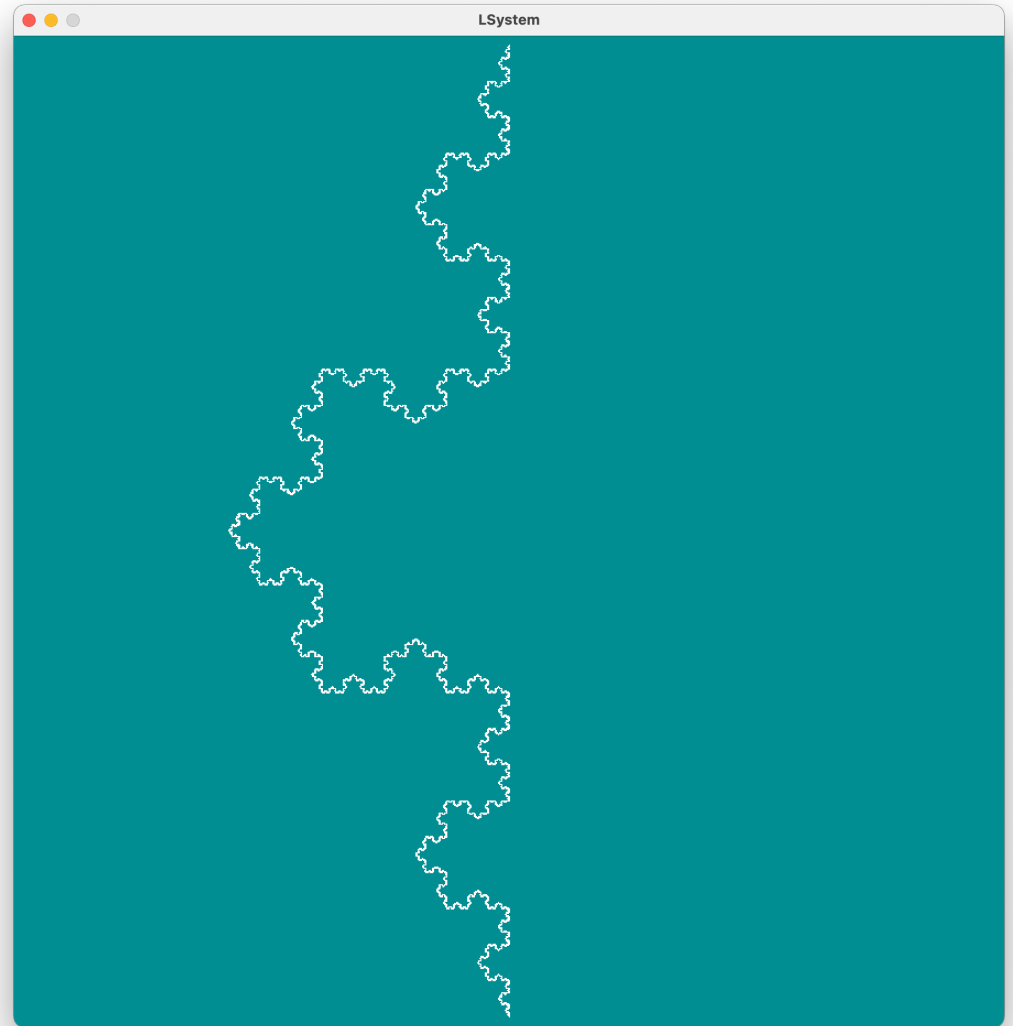


S P R I N G E R - V E R L A G

# L-Systems cont.

Open program from last class

Last class



# Saving images

```
void keyPressed() {  
  //save an image each time you press the spacebar  
  if (key==' ') {  
    String filename = "lsystem" + (int)random(0,100)+".png";  
    save(filename);  
    println("saved image");  
  }  
}
```

will save an image each time you press space  
saved in the same directory as your program

questions?

# Modeling Plants





# Adding Some Symbols & Turtle Behavior



# New Symbols

[ ]

will represent a memory

# New Turtle Behavior for Symbols

push [ = remember where you are right now

pop ] = jump back to the last place you remembered

remember both your location and heading

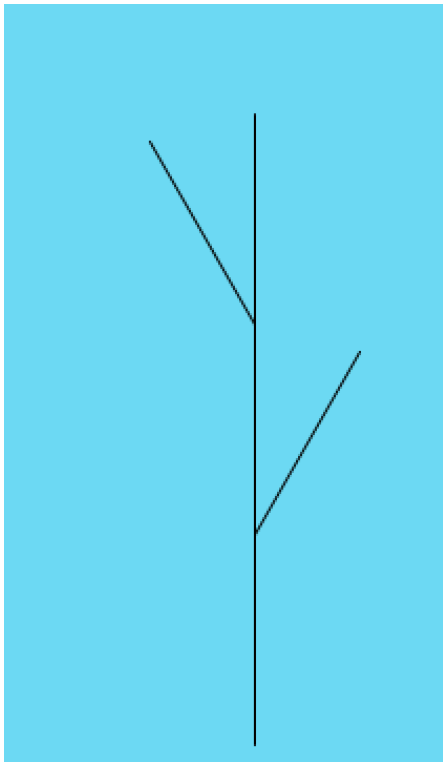
push = [

pop = ]

questions?

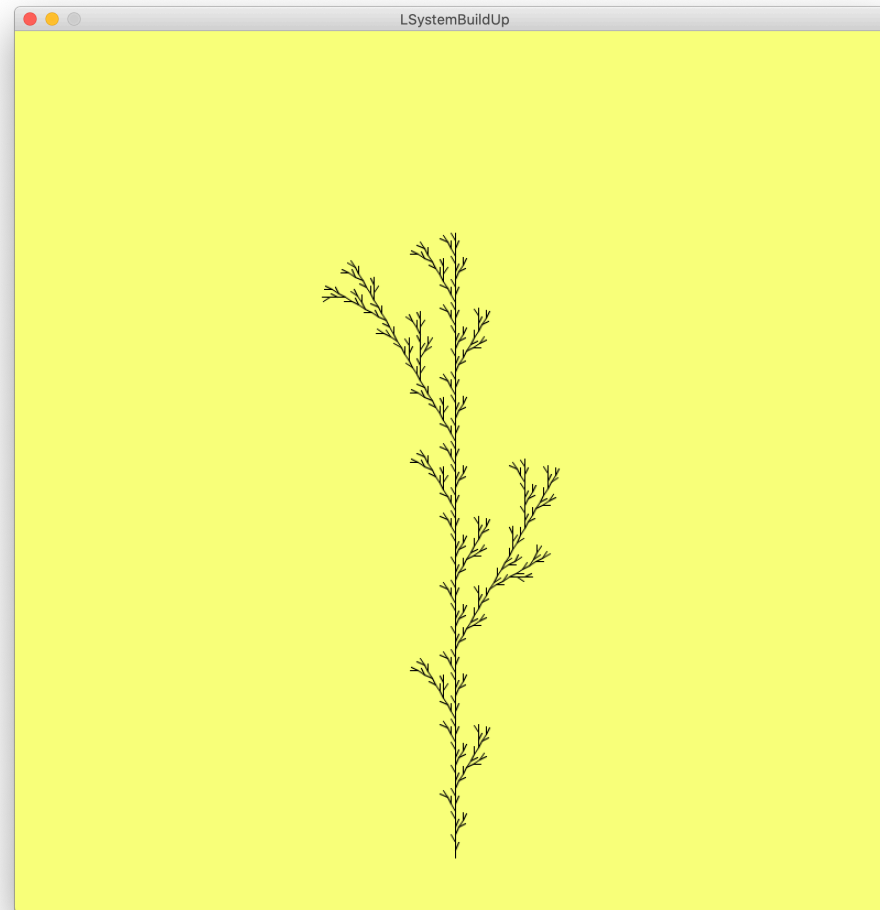
# Thinking about a branching structure

what is a good expression for this structure using [ and ]?



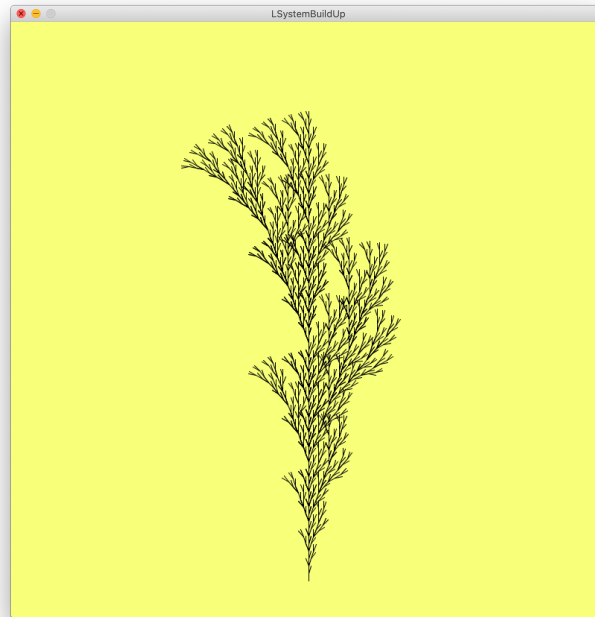
F[+F]F[-F]F

# Implementation in Code

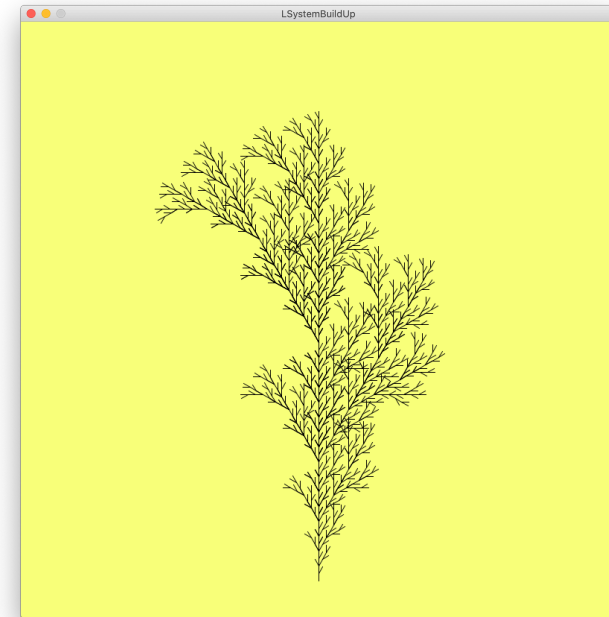


# Slightly different rule

```
String[][] rules = {"F", "F[+F]F[-F][F]",  
                  {"+", "+"},  
                  {"-", "-"},  
                  {"[", "["},  
                  {"]", "]"}};
```



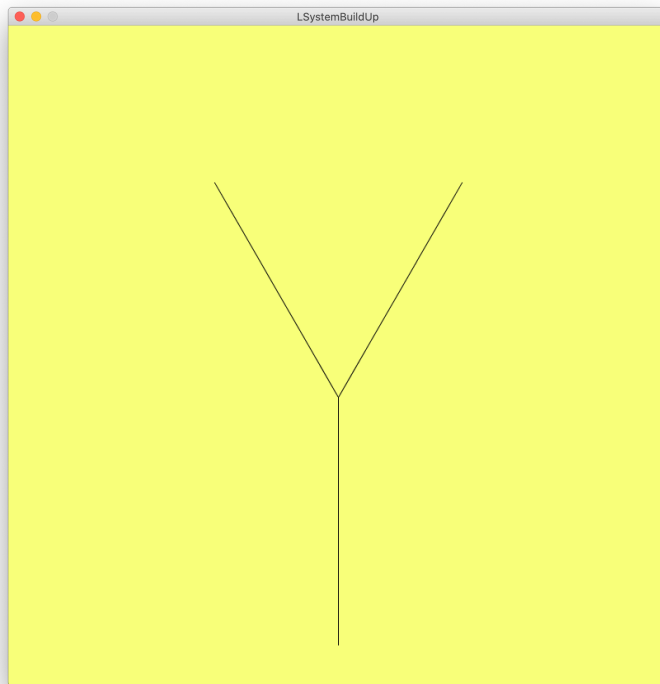
angle = 20;



angle = 30;

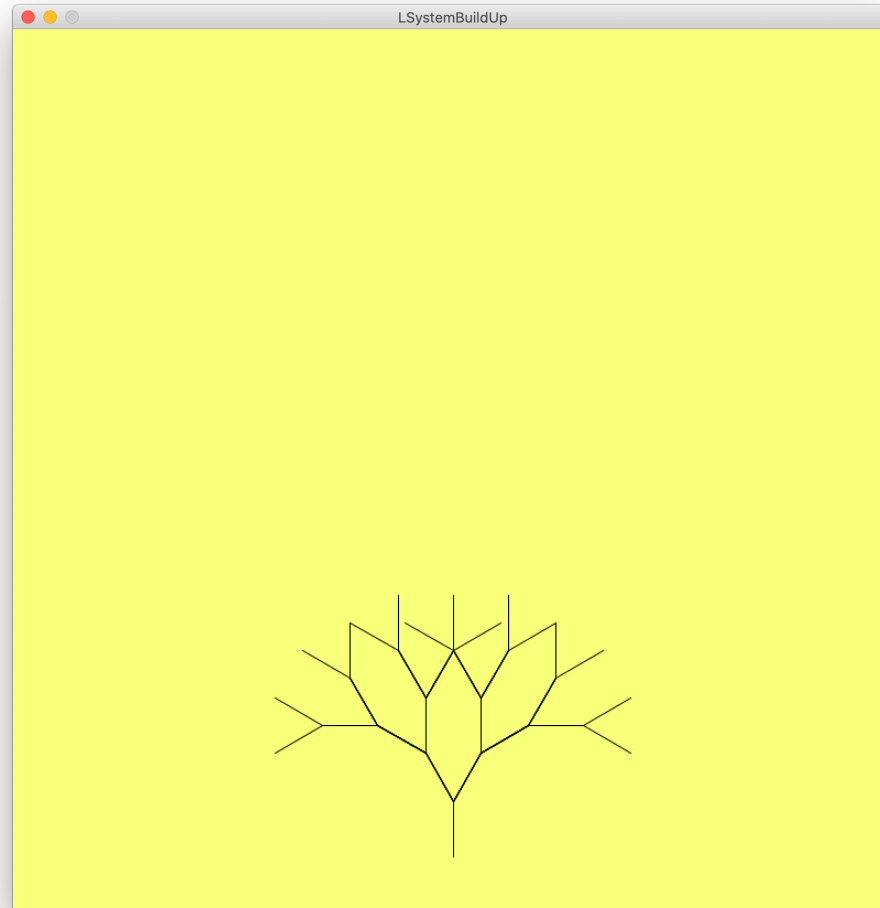
# Thinking about a more traditional tree

what is a good expression for this beginning of a tree using [ & ]?



$F[-F][+F]$

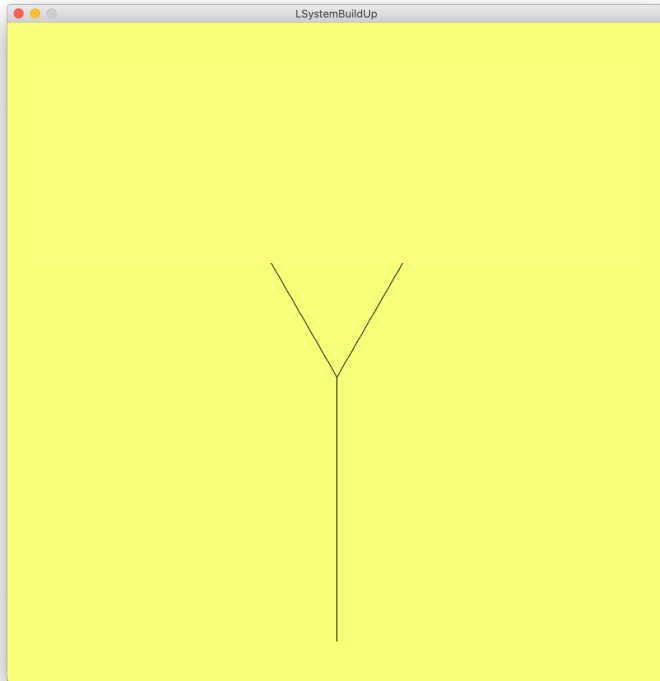
# Implementation in Code





# Adjustments

what is a good expression for this better beginning of a tree?

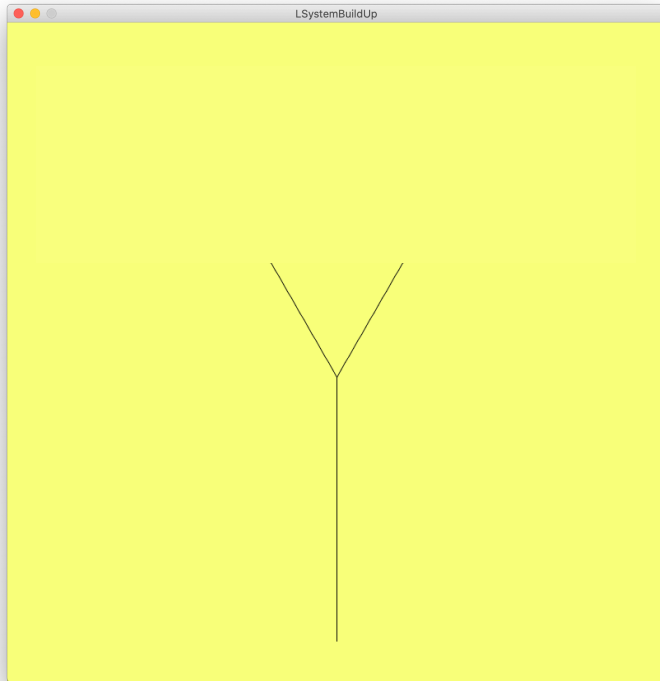


old expression:  $F[-F][+F]$

new expression:  $FF[-F][+F]$

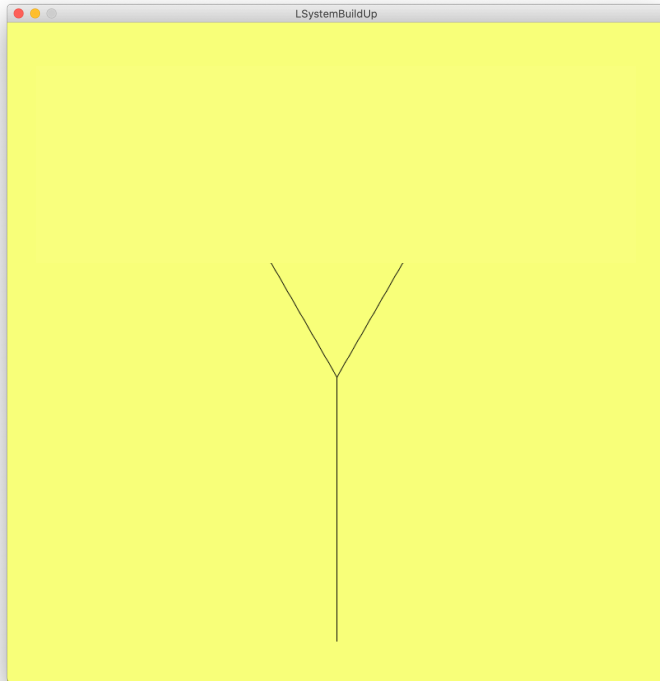
# Adjustments

how can we write a rule that results in the behavior we want?



# Add a symbol and rules

add a symbol X to represent branches.  
use F to represent vertical growth.

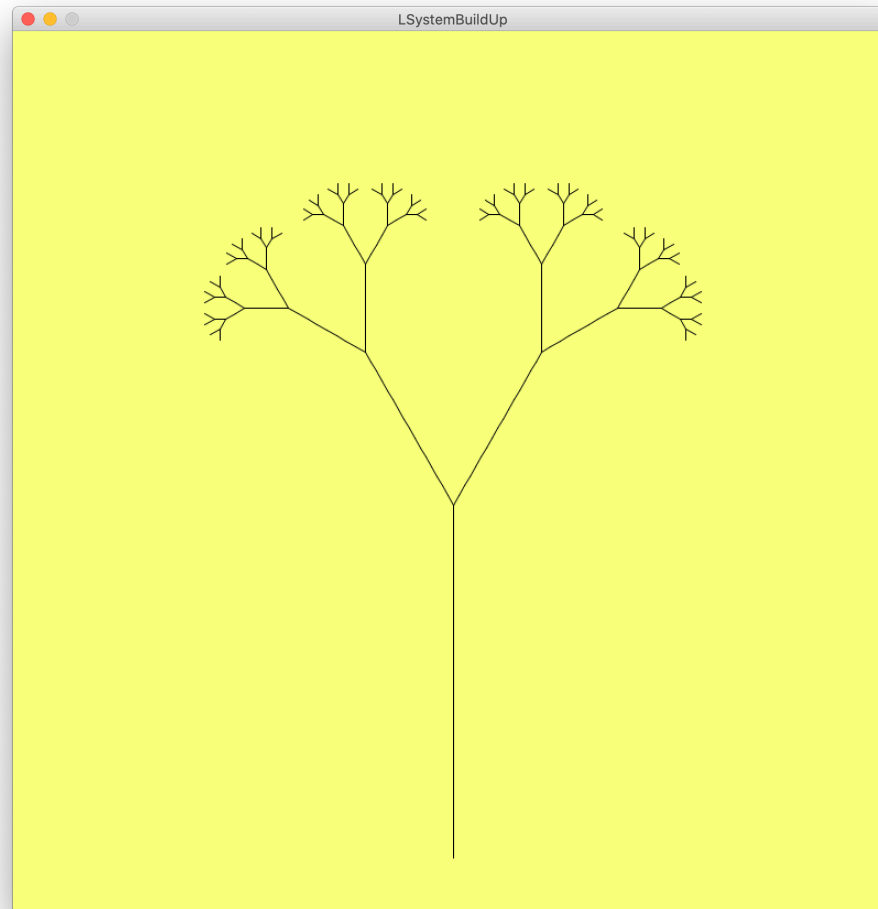


new symbol  
X = branch

new rules  
 $X \rightarrow F[-X][+X]$   
 $F \rightarrow FF$

questions?

# Implementation in Code

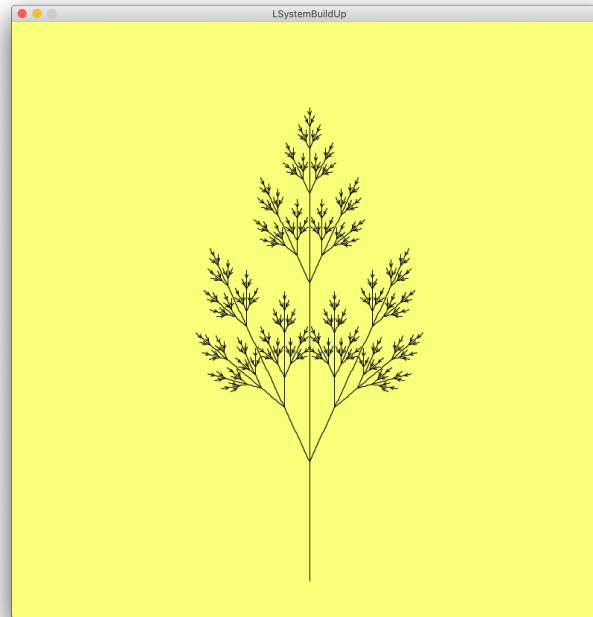


questions?

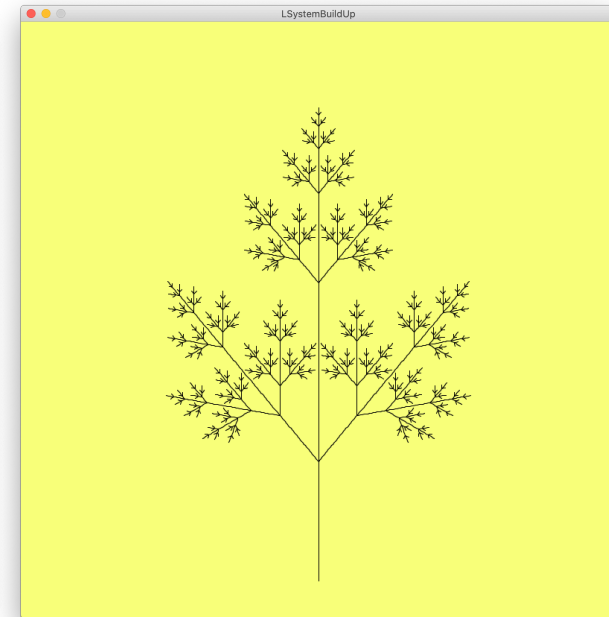
# Slightly different rule

```
String [][] rules = {{ "F", "FF"},  
                    { "X", "F[-X][+X]FX"},  
                    { "+", "+"},  
                    { "-", "-"},  
                    { "[", "["},  
                    { "]", "]"}};
```

```
String axiom = "X";
```



angle = 25;



angle = 40;

Play with angle variable & rules.



questions?

# Adding Randomness

Pick rule to  
execute with  
some probability

new rules

choose one randomly

$X \rightarrow F[-X][+X]$

$X \rightarrow F[[X]+X]F[+[FX]-X]$

$X \rightarrow F - [[X]+X]+F[+[FX]-X]$

# Implementation in Code

# Change rule structure

```
String[][] rules = {{"F", "FF", "FF", "FF"},  
  {"X", "F-[[X]+X]+F+[FX]-X", "F-[[X]+X]+F+[FX]-X", "F[-X][+X]},  
  {"+", "+", "+", "+"},  
  {"-", "-", "-", "-"},  
  {"[", "[", "[", "["},  
  {"]", "]", "]", "]"}};
```

```
axiom = "X";
```

# Change iteration method

```
computedWord = computedWord + rules[k][random(1,3)];
```

pick rule randomly

# Slightly different rule

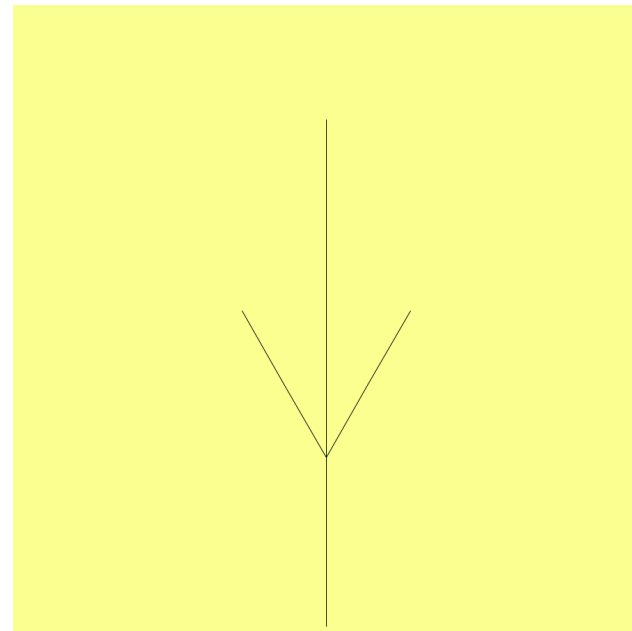
```
String[][] rules = {{ "+", "+" },  
                   { "-", "-" },  
                   { "[", "[" },  
                   { "]", "]" },  
                   { "X", "F[+X][-X]FX" },  
                   { "F", "FF" }};
```

iterations (X replacements highlighted):

0: X

1: F[+X][-X]FX

2: FF[+F[+X][-X]FX][-F[+X][-X]FX]FFF[+X][-X]FX

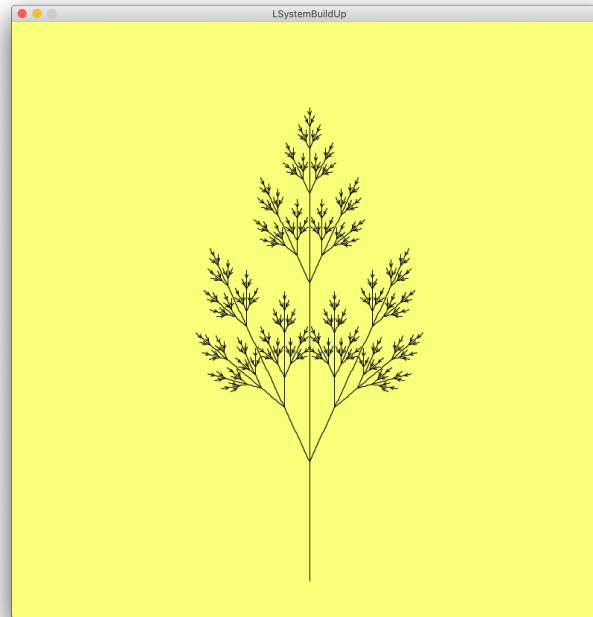


basic structure, iteration 2  
draws: FF[+FF][-FF]FFFF

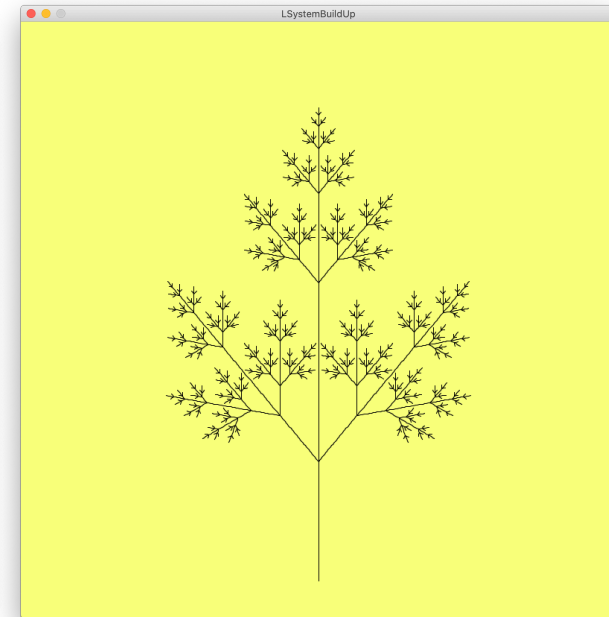
# Slightly different rule

```
String [][] rules = {{"F", "FF"},  
                    {"X", "F[-X][+X]FX"},  
                    {"+", "+"},  
                    {"-", "-"},  
                    {"[", "["},  
                    {"]", "]"}};
```

```
String axiom = "X";
```



angle = 25;



angle = 40;

Play with angle variable & rules.



questions?

# Adding Randomness

Pick rule to  
execute with  
some probability

new rules

choose one randomly

$X \rightarrow F[-X][+X]$

$X \rightarrow F[[X]+X]F[+[FX]-X]$

$X \rightarrow F - [[X]+X]+F[+[FX]-X]$

# Implementation in Code

# Change rule structure

```
String[][] rules = {{"F", "FF", "FF", "FF"},  
                    {"X", "F-[[X]+X]+F+[FX]-X", "F-[[X]+X]+F+[FX]-X", "F[-X][+X]},  
                    {"+", "+", "+", "+"},  
                    {"-", "-", "-", "-"},  
                    {"[", "[", "[", "["},  
                    {"]", "]", "]", "]"}};
```

```
axiom = "X";
```

# Change iteration method

```
computedWord = computedWord + rules[k][random(1,3)];
```

pick rule randomly

# Generating variations quickly

move LSystem  
generation and  
iteration into a  
**mouseClicked**  
method



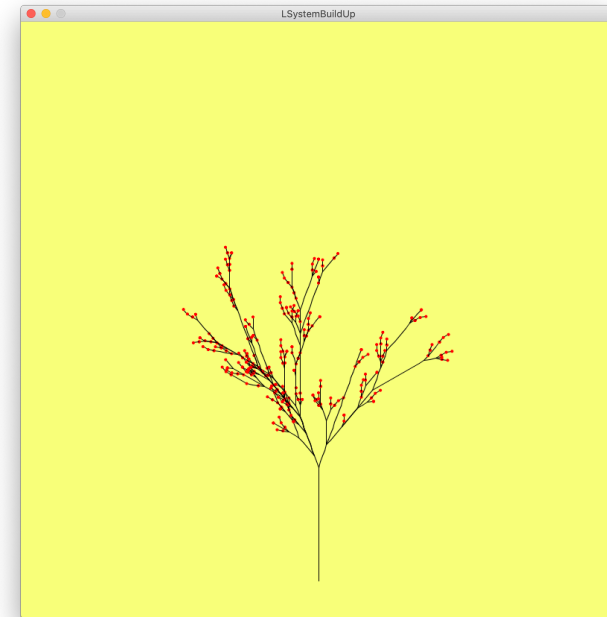
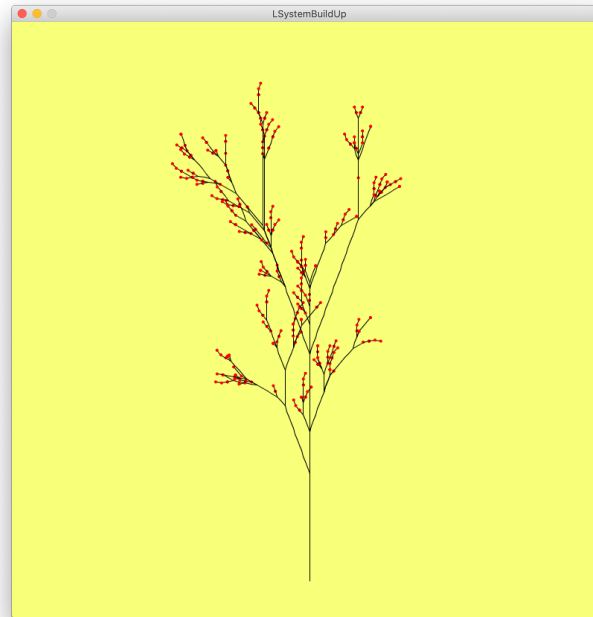
questions?

where on the tree are Xs?



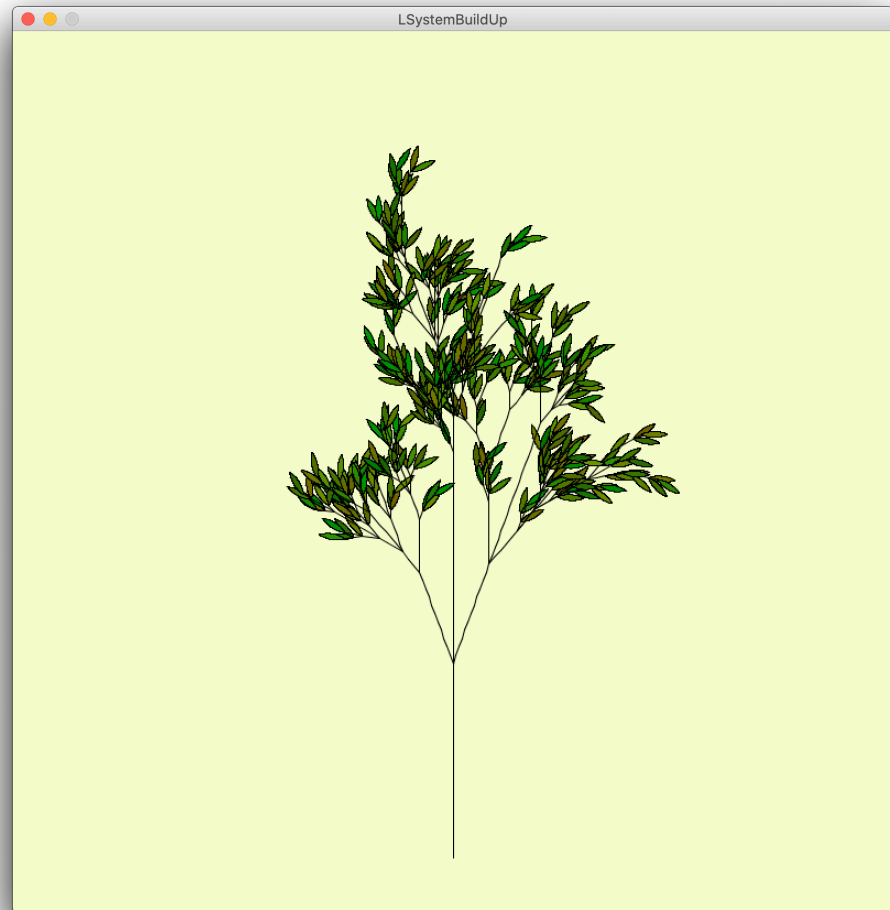
# Adding Berries

```
void drawLSystem(Turtle t) {  
  for (int i=0; i<computedString.length(); i++) {  
    switch(computedString.charAt(i)) {  
      case 'F':  
        t.forward(size);  
        break;  
      case 'X':  
        fill(255,0,0);  
        noStroke();  
        ellipse(t.getX(), t.getY(), 2,2);  
        stroke(0);  
        noFill();  
        break;  
      case 'T':  
        t.forward(size);  
        break;  
      case '+':  
        t.right(angle);  
        break;  
      case '-':  
        t.left(angle);  
        break;  
      case '[':  
        t.push();  
        break;  
      case ']':  
        t.pop();  
        break;  
    }  
  }  
}
```

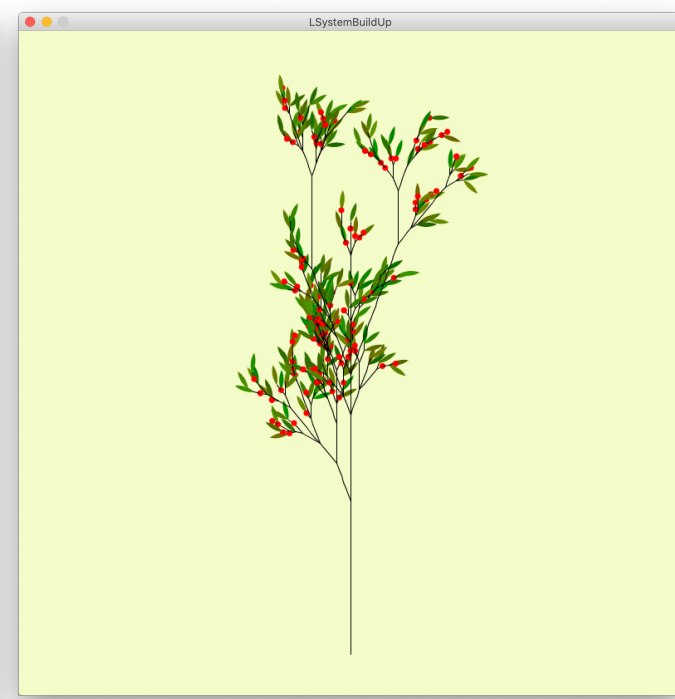
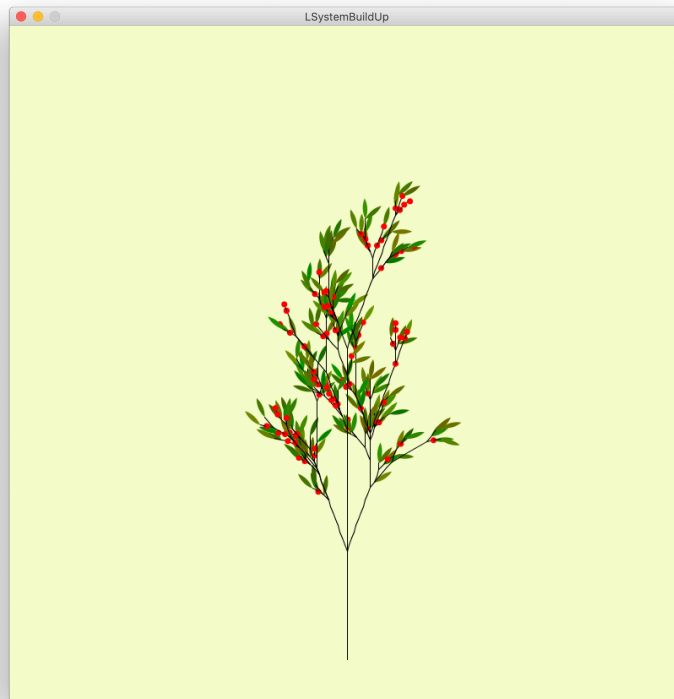
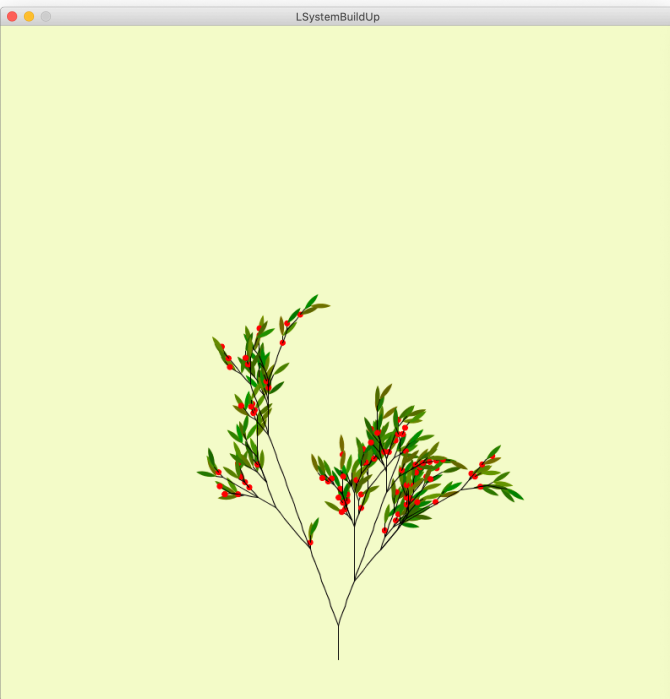


# Adding Leaves

```
void drawLSystem(Turtle t) {  
    for (int i=0; i<computedString.length(); i++) {  
        switch(computedString.charAt(i)) {  
            case 'F':  
                t.forward(size);  
                break;  
            case 'X':  
                leaf(t);  
                break;  
            case 'T':  
                t.forward(size);  
                break;  
            case '+':  
                t.right(angle);  
                break;  
            case '-':  
                t.left(angle);  
                break;  
            case '[':  
                t.push();  
                break;  
            case ']':  
                t.pop();  
                break;  
        }  
    }  
}
```



# Adding Leaves & Berries



questions?

# **Large Assignment 1: Turtle Geometry & L-Systems**

**For next class: Install Rhino**

# Thank you!

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